



# Workshop: Pushing the Oil Recovery Factor Offshore Statoil experience and ambitions

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### Agenda

- Introduction/background
- Riserless Light Well Intervention (RLWI)
- Category B



## Taking on the High Recovery Challenge





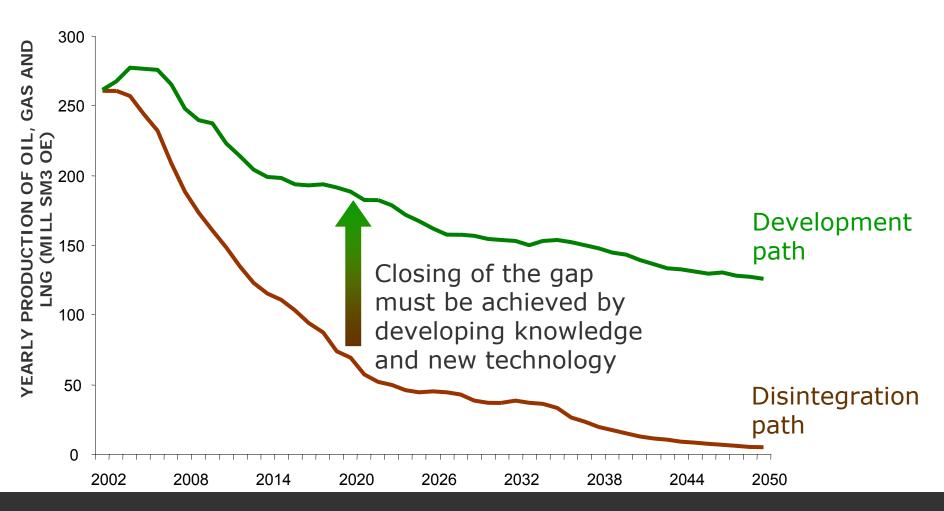
#### **Beautiful**

## <u>but</u> <u>demanding</u>





#### Technology and production





## Optimising reservoir recovery from subsea fields



Ambition: increase subsea recovery

 Increased fluid handling capacity

Reduced wellhead pressure

Integrated Operations

- Identify
  - -Drainage points
  - Well intervention near and opportunities



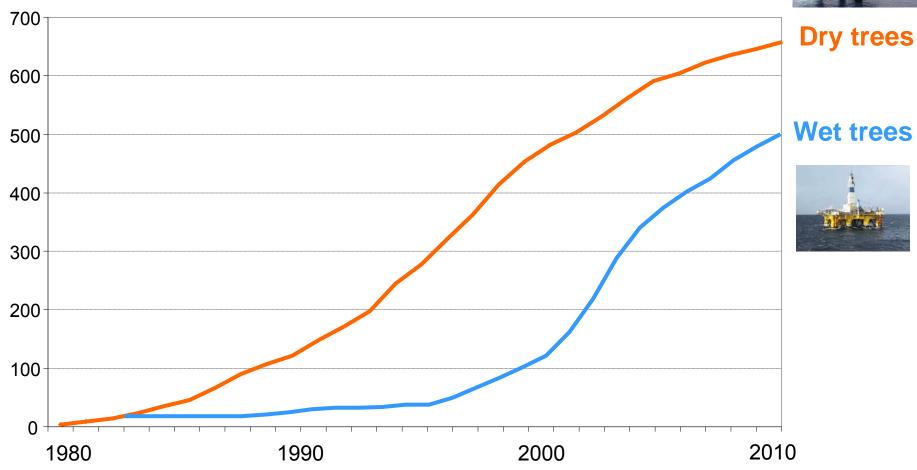


Cost effective drainage & well intervention

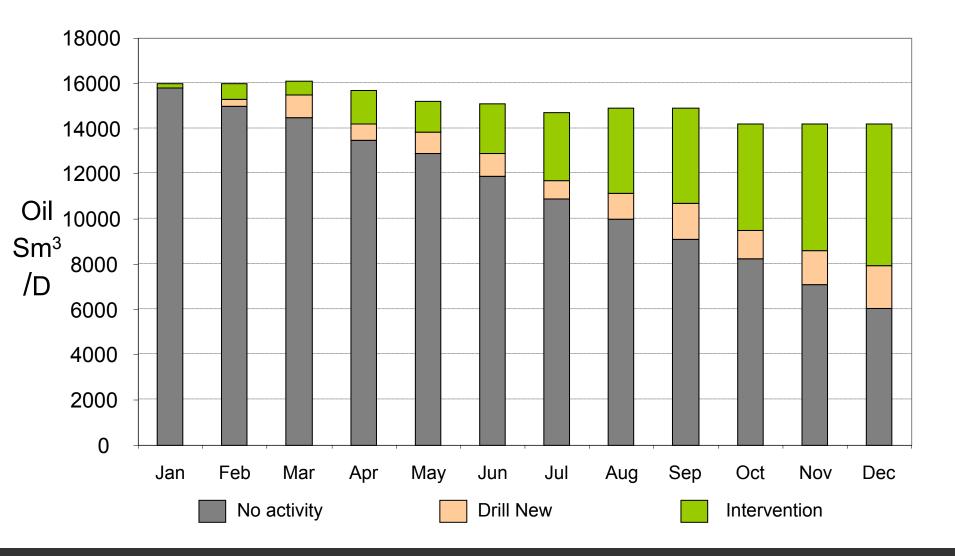


#### Cumulative wells – Statoil NCS



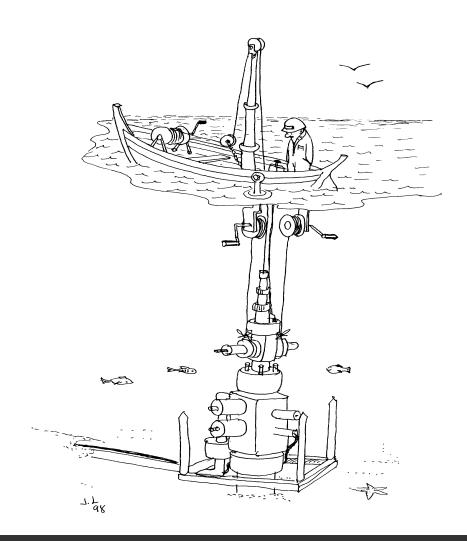


#### Impact of well intervention – mature asset





#### **RLWI**





#### What is RLWI?



- RLWI = Riserless Light Well Intervention
- Subsea wireline operations from well intervention vessel



#### Island Wellserver Mark II stack







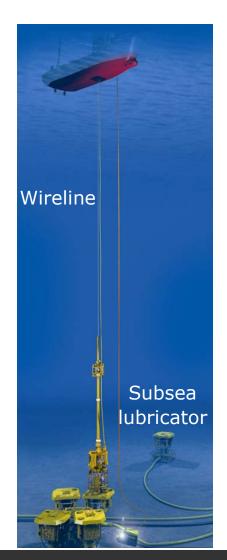
ULP & LUB TUB — Upper Lubricator Package & Lubricator Tubular

**LLP** – Lower Lubricator Package

WCP — Well Control Package Installation package #1 (w/XT adaptor)



#### RLWI- one of the tools to help us reach our goal in IOR



RLWI operations with subsea lubricator for wireline work, with or without a well tractor

#### Typical applications:

- Data gathering (PLT)
- Perforating
- Zone isolation (plug/straddle)
- Chemical treatments
- Inspection/repair (DHSV)

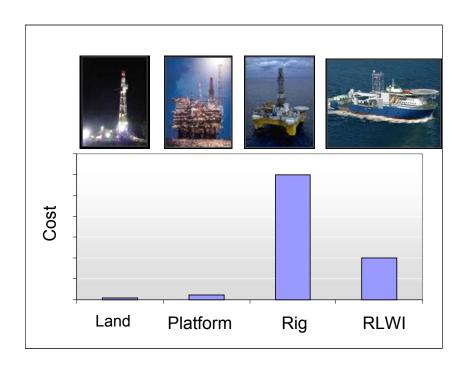
Enables the application of well tractor technology in subsea wells at a substantially lower cost compared to conventional rig operations

#### Other applications

- Camera inspection
- Calliper logging
- Well killing operation
- Change-out of gas lift valves
- Sleeve operations DIACS valves
- Fill / debris removal (power suction tool)
- Well barrier re-establishment prior to rig workover
- Milling of scale bridges
- Installation/replacement of subsea trees (VXT)
- P&A operations of subsea wells



#### RLWI – cost effective wireline solution



Compared to interventions from a semi submersible rig:

- Reduced operation cost
- •Reduction in operating time
- Increased WOW

Resulting in:

- Reduced cost per intervention
- •Enabling more interventions that otherwise would not have been performed (typical data acquisition)



### Development 2000 - 2010



MSV Regalia (2003)



MSV Seawell (2000 & 2004 - 2005)



Island Frontier

(2006 ⇔)



Island Wellserver 2009 ⇒)





#### Operational overview

| •2000 - | 8 wells |
|---------|---------|
|---------|---------|

•2003 - 3 wells

•2004 - 4 wells

•2005 - 11 wells

•2006 - 11 wells

•2007 - 17 wells

•2008 - 13 wells

•2009 - 25 wells

•2010 - 36 wells

#### VXT and HXT

• Water depth: 75 – 405 m





## PCH





#### Lubricator section





## RLWI alliance

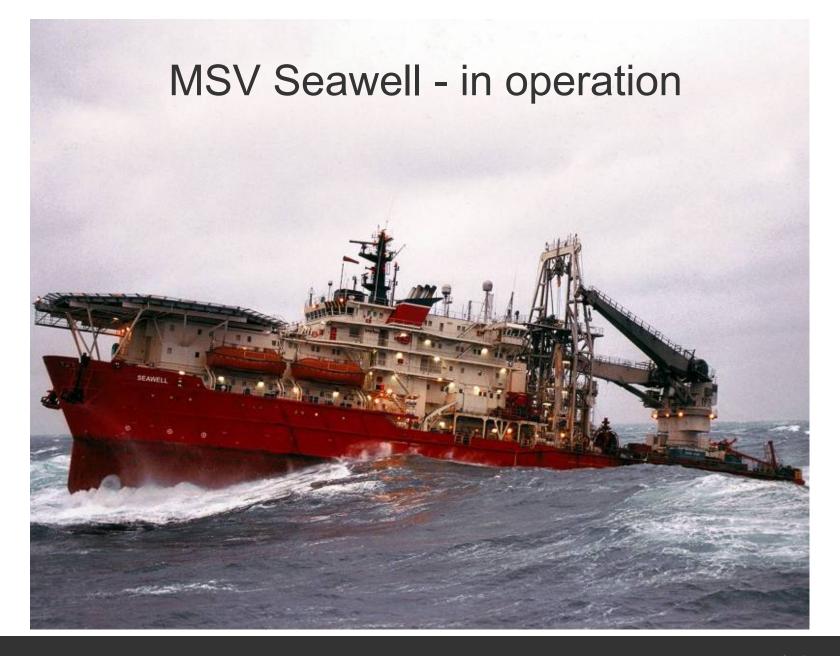




#### Integrated operations – IO for RLWI operations





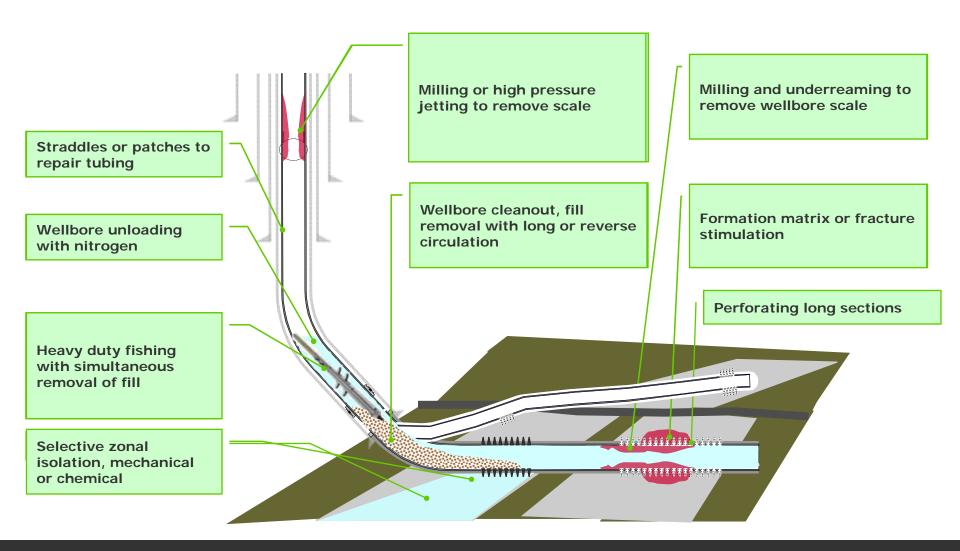




## Category B



#### Addressing challenges – realising opportunities

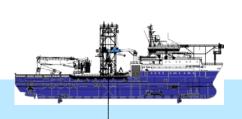


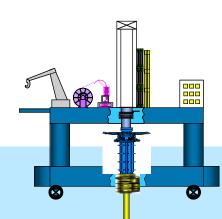


#### Category A RLWI

#### Category B Heavy intervention & TTD

#### Category C Drilling and completion





High pressure light weight riser (8-5/8")

Wireline / tractor onlyLimited bha length

•Full range of through tubing services



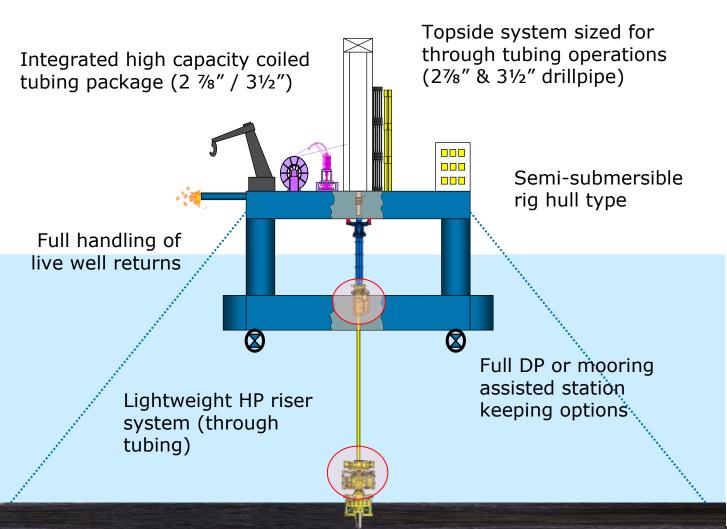
Low pressure marine riser (21") standard

HP concentric riser and SSTT required for live well intervention

> Limited live well through tubing services



### Cat B – fit for purpose concept

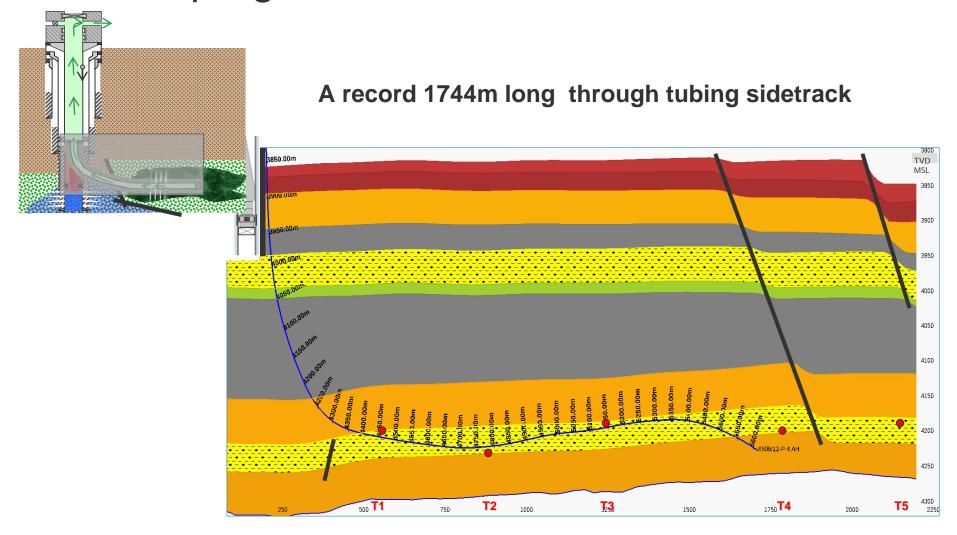








#### Work in progress





#### Strategy for subsea well management

